## ALABAMA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT LAND DIVISION -HAZARDOUS WASTE PROGRAM ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

## CHAPTER 335-14-6 INTERIM STATUS STANDARDS FOR OWNERS AND OPERATORS OF HAZARDOUS WASTE TREATMENT, STORAGE, AND DISPOSAL FACILITIES

## 335-14-6-A5 Appendix V - Examples Of Potentially Incompatible Waste.

Many hazardous wastes, when mixed with other waste or materials at a hazardous waste facility, can produce effects which are harmful to human or animal health or the environment, such as:

- (1) Heat or pressure;
- (2) Fire or explosion
- (3) Violent reaction;
- (4) Toxic dusts, mists, fumes or gases; or

(5) Flammable fumes or gases. Below are examples of potentially incompatible wastes, waste components and materials, along with the harmful consequences which result from mixing materials in one group with materials in another group. The list is intended as a guide to owners or operators of treatment, storage and disposal facilities, and to enforcement and permit granting officials, to indicate the need for special precautions when managing these potentially incompatible waste materials or components. This list is not intended to be exhaustive. An owner or operator must, as the regulations require, adequately analyze his wastes so that he can avoid creating uncontrolled substances or reactions of the type listed below, whether they are listed below or not. It is possible for potentially incompatible wastes to be mixed in a way that precludes a reaction (e.g., adding acid to water rather than water to acid) or that neutralizes them (e.g., a strong acid mixed with a strong base), or that controls substances produced (e.g., by generating flammable gases in a closed tank equipped so that ignition cannot occur, and burning the gases in an incinerator).

In the lists below, the mixing of a Group A material with a Group B material may have the potential consequence as noted.

Group 1-A	Group 1-B
Acetylene sludge	Acid sludge
Alkaline caustic liquids	Acid and water
Alkaline cleaner	Battery acid

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Alkaline corrosive liquids	Chemical cleaners
Alkaline corrosive battery fluic	_
Caustic wastewater	Etching acid liquid or solvent
	Pickling liquor and other
Lime sludge and other	corrosive acids
corrosive alkalies	
Lime wastewater	Spent acid
Lime and water	Spent mixed acid
Spent caustic	Spent sulfuric acid
Potential consequences: Heat ger	neration; violent reaction.
Group 2-A	Group 2-B
Aluminum	Any waste in Group 1-A or 1-B
Beryllium	
Calcium	
Lithium	
Magnesium	
Potassium	
Sodium	
Zinc powder	
Potential consequences: Fire or flammable hydrogen gas.	explosion; generation of
Group 3-A	Group 3-B
Alcohols	Any concentrated waste in Groups 1-A or 1-B
Water	Calcium
	Lithium
	Metal hydrides
	Potassium
	so <sub>2</sub> cl <sub>2</sub> , socl <sub>2</sub> , PCl <sub>3</sub> , CH <sub>3</sub> sicl <sub>3</sub>
	Other water-reactive waste
Potential consequences: Fire, ex generation of flammable or toxic	plosion, or heat generation;
generation of flammable or toxic	plosion, or heat generation; gases.
generation of flammable or toxic Group 4-A	plosion, or heat generation; gases. Group 4-B
generation of flammable or toxic <b>Group 4-A</b> Alcohols	plosion, or heat generation; gases. Group 4-B Concentrated Group 1-A or 1-B wastes
generation of flammable or toxic <b>Group 4-A</b> Alcohols Aldehydes	plosion, or heat generation; gases. Group 4-B Concentrated Group 1-A or 1-B
generation of flammable or toxic Group 4-A Alcohols Aldehydes Halogenated hydrocarbons	plosion, or heat generation; gases. Group 4-B Concentrated Group 1-A or 1-B wastes
generation of flammable or toxic Group 4-A Alcohols Aldehydes Halogenated hydrocarbons Nitrated hydrocarbons	plosion, or heat generation; gases. Group 4-B Concentrated Group 1-A or 1-B wastes
generation of flammable or toxic Group 4-A Alcohols Aldehydes Halogenated hydrocarbons	plosion, or heat generation; gases. Group 4-B Concentrated Group 1-A or 1-B wastes
generation of flammable or toxic Group 4-A Alcohols Aldehydes Halogenated hydrocarbons Nitrated hydrocarbons Unsaturated hydrocarbons	plosion, or heat generation; gases. Group 4-B Concentrated Group 1-A or 1-B wastes
generation of flammable or toxic Group 4-A Alcohols Aldehydes Halogenated hydrocarbons Nitrated hydrocarbons Unsaturated hydrocarbons Other reactive organic	plosion, or heat generation; gases. Group 4-B Concentrated Group 1-A or 1-B wastes
generation of flammable or toxic Group 4-A Alcohols Aldehydes Halogenated hydrocarbons Nitrated hydrocarbons Unsaturated hydrocarbons	plosion, or heat generation; gases. Group 4-B Concentrated Group 1-A or 1-B wastes

Potential consequences: Fire, ex	plosion or violent reaction.
Group 5-A	Group 5-B
_	Group 1-B wastes
Spent cyanide and	
sulfide solutions	
Potential consequences: Generation of toxic hydrogen cyanide or	
hydrogen sulfide gas.	
Group 6-A	Group 6-B
Chlorates	Acetic acid and other organic
	acids
Chlorine	Concentrated mineral acids
Chlorates	Group 2-A wastes
Chromic acid	Group 4-A wastes
Group 6-A	Group 6-B
Hyphochlorites	Other flammable and combustible
	wastes
Nitrates	
Nitric acid, fuming	
Perchlorates	
Permanganates	
Peroxides	
Other strong oxidizers	
Potential consequences: Fire, ex	plosion or violent reaction.

Source: "Law, Regulations, and Guidelines for Handling of Hazardous Waste". California Department of Health, February 1975.

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